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Occupational Employment and Wages in New Orleans-Metairie, May 2016

Workers in the New Orleans-Metairie Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$20.87 in May 2016, about 13 percent below the nationwide average of \$23.86, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Stanley W. Suchman noted that, after testing for statistical significance, wages in the local area were lower than their respective national averages in 16 of the 22 major occupational groups, including computer and mathematical; protective service; and legal. Local wages were measurably higher than their respective national averages in 4 groups, including production; architecture and engineering; and transportation and material moving. Local wages were not significantly different from the U.S. average in two groups.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 8 of the 22 occupational groups, including food preparation and serving related; sales and related; and transportation and material moving. Conversely, employment shares were significantly below their national representation in 11 groups, including production; computer and mathematical; and business and financial operations. (See table A and box note at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the New Orleans-Metairie, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2016

	Percent of total employment			Mean hourly wage			
Major occupational group	United New Orleans- States Metairie, LA		United New Orleans States Metairie, LA			Percent difference ⁽¹⁾	
Total, all occupations	100.0	100.0		\$23.86	\$20.87	*	-13
Management	5.1	4.5	*	56.74	48.29	*	-15
Business and financial operations	5.2	4.1	*	36.09	30.21	*	-16
Computer and mathematical	3.0	1.4	*	42.25	32.55	*	-23
Architecture and engineering	1.8	1.7		40.53	45.55	*	12
Life, physical, and social science	0.8	0.6	*	35.06	34.26		-2
Community and social service	1.4	1.2	*	22.69	20.38	*	-10
Legal	0.8	1.0	*	50.95	42.38	*	-17
Education, training, and library	6.2	5.4	*	26.21	22.07	*	-16
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.4	1.3		28.07	29.63		6
Healthcare practitioners and technical	5.9	7.0	*	38.06	32.34	*	-15
Healthcare support	2.9	2.2	*	14.65	12.52	*	-15
Protective service	2.4	3.4	*	22.03	17.70	*	-20
Food preparation and serving related	9.2	11.9	*	11.47	9.84	*	-14
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.2	2.9	*	13.47	11.42	*	-15
Personal care and service	3.2	3.1		12.74	10.83	*	-15
Sales and related	10.4	11.5	*	19.50	16.79	*	-14
Office and administrative support	15.7	14.8	*	17.91	16.00	*	-11

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the New Orleans-Metairie, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2016 - Continued

	Percent of total employment			Mean hourly wage			
Major occupational group	United States	New Orleans- Metairie, LA		United States	New Orleans- Metairie, LA		Percent difference ⁽¹⁾
Farming, fishing, and forestry	0.3	0.1	*	13.37	17.59	*	32
Construction and extraction	4.0	4.6	*	23.51	21.02	*	-11
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	4.5	*	22.45	21.23	*	-5
Production	6.5	4.8	*	17.88	22.07	*	23
Transportation and material moving	6.9	8.1	*	17.34	18.66	*	8

Footnotes:

One occupational group—transportation and material moving—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. New Orleans had 44,940 jobs in transportation and material moving, accounting for 8.1 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 6.9-percent national share. The local average hourly wage for this occupational group was \$18.66, about 8 percent above the national average of \$17.34.

Some of the larger detailed occupations within the transportation and material moving group included hand laborers and freight, stock, and material movers (13,520), heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers (5,800), and light truck or delivery services drivers (3,320). Among the higher-paying jobs were captains, mates, and pilots of water vessels, as well as ship engineers, with mean hourly wages of \$47.46 and \$39.84, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were parking lot attendants (\$9.67) and cleaners of vehicles and equipment (\$10.49). (Detailed occupational data for transportation and material moving are presented in table 1; for a complete listing of all detailed occupations, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_35380.htm.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See table 1.) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the New Orleans metropolitan area, above average concentrations of employment were found in many of the occupations within the transportation and material moving group. For instance, captains, mates, and pilots of water vessels were employed at 21.4 times the national average in New Orleans, and sailors and marine oilers, at 19.5 times the U.S. rate. Two other local occupations had double-digit location quotients, ship engineers at 14.5 and tank car, truck, and ship loaders at 10.0. All four of these location quotients were among the highest in all metropolitan areas for these particular occupations. On the other hand, light truck or delivery services drivers had a location quotient of 1.0 in New Orleans, indicating that this occupation's local and national employment shares were similar.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the Louisiana Workforce Commission.

⁽¹⁾ A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in the New Orleans-Metairie, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

^{*} The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

Note

A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

Technical Note

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. The OES data available from BLS include cross-industry occupational employment and wage estimates for the nation; over 650 areas, including states and the District of Columbia, metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), metropolitan divisions, nonmetropolitan areas, and territories; national industry-specific estimates at the NAICS sector, 3-, 4-, and selected 5- and 6-digit industry levels, and national estimates by ownership across all industries and for schools and hospitals. OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/tables.htm.

OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Each year, two semiannual panels of approximately 200,000 sampled establishments are contacted, one panel in May and the other in November. Responses are obtained by mail, Internet or other electronic means, email, telephone, or personal visit. The May 2016 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected over a 3-year period: May 2016, November 2015, May 2015, November 2014, May 2014, and November 2013. The overall national response rate for the six panels, based on the 50 states and the District of Columbia, is 73 percent based on establishments and 69 percent based on weighted sampled employment. The unweighted employment of sampled establishments across all six semiannual panels represents approximately 58 percent of total national employment. The sample in the New Orleans-Metairie Metropolitan Statistical Area included 4,132 establishments with a response rate of 76 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The May 2016 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/soc and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm.

Metropolitan area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The **New Orleans-Metairie Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes Jefferson, Orleans, Plaquemines, St. Bernard, St. Charles, St. James, St. John the Baptist, and St. Tammany Parishes in Louisiana.

Additional information

OES data are available on our regional web page at www.bls.gov/regions/southwest. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/oes_ques.htm. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in the Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/oes/current/methods statement.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, New Orleans-Metairie, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2016

	Emplo	yment	Mean wages		
Occupation ⁽¹⁾	Level ⁽²⁾	Location quotient ⁽³⁾	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾	
Transportation and material moving occupations	44,940	1.2	\$18.66	\$38,820	
Aircraft cargo handling supervisors	60	2.0	22.91	47,640	
First-line supervisors of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	1,060	1.5	22.61	47,020	
First-line supervisors of transportation and material- moving machine and vehicle operators	1,290	1.6	29.85	62,090	
Commercial pilots	160	1.0	(5)	54,490	
Bus drivers, transit and intercity	(6)	(6)	19.18	39,890	
Bus drivers, school or special client	1,550	0.8	12.11	25,190	
Driver/sales workers	1,360	0.8	12.72	26,450	
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	5,800	0.9	20.80	43,270	
Light truck or delivery services drivers	3,320	1.0	16.54	34,400	
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs	930	1.2	12.02	24,990	
Motor vehicle operators, all other	(6)	(6)	20.46	42,560	
Sailors and marine oilers	2,520	19.5	21.10	43,900	
Captains, mates, and pilots of water vessels	3,120	21.4	47.46	98,720	
Ship engineers	560	14.5	39.84	82,860	
Bridge and lock tenders	100	7.2	15.09	31,390	
Parking lot attendants	1,020	1.8	9.67	20,110	
Automotive and watercraft service attendants	260	0.6	15.21	31,630	
Traffic technicians	(6)	(6)	19.85	41,290	
Transportation inspectors	(6)	(6)	31.69	65,910	
Transportation attendants, except flight attendants	(6)	(6)	11.08	23,040	
Transportation workers, all other	380	2.6	13.18	27,420	
Conveyor operators and tenders	320	2.8	17.95	37,340	
Crane and tower operators	910	5.1	24.67	51,320	
Dredge operators	(6)	(6)	18.17	37,780	
Excavating and loading machine and dragline operators	120	0.6	21.40	44,520	
Industrial truck and tractor operators	1,700	0.8	15.95	33,170	
Cleaners of vehicles and equipment	1,370	1.0	10.49	21,820	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	13,520	1.3	12.52	26,030	
Packers and packagers, hand	880	0.3	10.57	21,980	
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	390	0.9	13.42	27,910	
Tank car, truck, and ship loaders	440	10.0	21.71	45,160	
Material moving workers, all other	110	1.1	19.08	39,680	

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in the New Orleans-Metairie, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes. 35380 htm

⁽²⁾ Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

⁽³⁾ The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

⁽⁴⁾ Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a "year-round, full-time" hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.

⁽⁵⁾ Wages for some occupations that do not generally work year-round, full time, are reported either as hourly wages or annual salaries depending on how they are typically paid.

⁽⁶⁾ Estimates not released.